Q1)

$$\beta_- : {}^{196}Au \to {}^{196}Hg + e^- + \bar{\nu}$$
$$\beta_+ : {}^{196}Au \to {}^{196}Pt + e^+ + \nu$$
$$\varepsilon : {}^{196}Au + e^- \to {}^{196}Pt + \nu$$

$$\begin{aligned} Q_{\beta_-} &= \left[m\left({}^{A}X\right) - m\left({}^{A}X'\right)\right]c^2 \\ &= [195.966544 - 195.965807] * 931.502\ MeV = 686.517\ keV \\ Q_{\beta_+} &= \left[m\left({}^{A}X\right) - m\left({}^{A}X'\right) - 2m_e\right]c^2 \\ &= \left[195.966544 - 195.964926 - 2 * 5.485803 \times 10^{-4}\right] * 931.502\ MeV = 485.163\ keV \\ Q_{\varepsilon} &= \left[m\left({}^{A}X\right) - m\left({}^{A}X'\right)\right]c^2 - B_n \\ &= [195.966544 - 195.964926] * 931.502\ MeV - 0\ MeV = 1.50717\ MeV \end{aligned}$$

Q2)

$$\begin{aligned} a)&\Delta I = 2; \quad \Delta\pi = yes: \text{ First Forbidden} \\ b)&\Delta I = 2; \quad \Delta\pi = no: \text{ Second Forbidden} \\ c)&\Delta I = 3; \quad \Delta\pi = no: \text{ Second Forbidden} \\ d)&\Delta I = 0; \quad \Delta\pi = no: \text{ Allowed Decay} \\ e)&\Delta I = 0; \quad \Delta\pi = yes: \text{ First Forbidden} \end{aligned}$$

Q3)

$${}^{20}Na \to {}^{20}Ne^* + e^+ + \nu$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_1 &= \left[m\left({}^{20}Na\right) - m\left({}^{20}Ne\right)\right] * c^2 - T_{\beta+} \\ &= [20.007344 - 19.992436] * 931.502\ MeV - 5.55\ MeV = 8.34\ MeV \end{aligned}$$

$${}^{20}Ne^* \to {}^{16}O + \alpha$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 &= \left[m\left({}^{20}Ne\right) - m\left({}^{16}O\right) - m\left({}^{4}He\right)\right] * c^2 \\ &= [19.992436 - 15.994915 - 4.002603] * 931.502\ MeV = -4.73389 \end{aligned}$$

$$Q = E_1 + E_2 = 8.34 - 4.73389 = 3.61\ MeV$$

$$T_\alpha = \frac{Q}{1 + \frac{m_\alpha}{m_{X'}}} = \frac{3.61}{1 + \frac{4.00150618}{15.994915}}\ MeV = 2.89\ MeV$$

Q4)

a)

$$\rho * R = 0.421 * E^{-0.106} \implies R = \frac{0.421 * E^{-0.106}}{\rho} = \frac{0.412 * (3.58)^{-0.106}}{2.7} = 0.133\ cm$$

b) For Al $\mu/\rho = 5.006 \times 10^{-2} \implies \mu = 0.135\ cm^{-1}$. $t_{1/2} = 12.36\ hrs = 44496\ s$

$$A_0 = 10\ mCi; \quad by\ \gamma : 2.5\ mCi$$

$$A = A_0 e^{-\mu x} = 2.5 e^{-0.135 * 0.133} = 2.46\ mCi = 91020000\ Decays/s$$

$$N = \lambda A = \frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}} * A = \frac{\ln 2}{44496} * 91020000 = 1418\ photons$$

c)

$$1 - \frac{N}{N_0} = 1 - \frac{\cancel{\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}} * A}{\cancel{\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}} * A_0} = 1 - \frac{A}{A_0} = 1 - \frac{2.46}{2.5} = 0.016 = 1.6\%\ Absorbed$$

d) Compton Effect